

FRANCE IN A FERMENT

Over the Suppression of Orders by M. Coombs.

MOBS PARADE STREETS

And Line Up Before Doors Defending Nuns.

LONG LIVE THE REPUBLIC

Shouts One Side; Long Live Liberty Shouts Another.

Paris, July 23.—The agitation provoked by the order of Prime Minister Combes to close the congregational schools, recalls to some extent the scenes enacted when M. Ferry, then premier, expelled the Jesuits in 1880. Demonstrations in favor of the nuns and the teaching of the French language were held in many places in the provinces where the schools were closed. Up to the present, however, no serious incident has been recorded.

Nationalists in Lead.

The Nationalists have joined the Clericals in engineering the agitation, and their leaders are in the forefront of the demonstrations in Paris. Many sympathizers have been working up on behalf of the nuns, and their schools have been made the particular object of demonstrations. The Clericals called upon their sympathizers to meet outside of the school conducted by the Sisters of St. Vincent de Paul, in the northeast quarter of Paris, which was closed this afternoon and a great crowd gathered there, compelling a large body of police and mounted municipal guards to form a cordon in the streets leading to the school. A few trifling collisions occurred between the Clericals and counter demonstrations, who replied to the Clericals' cries of "Long Live the Good Sisters" and "Vive la Liberté" with "Down with the priests" and "Long live the Republic." A Nationalist member of the chamber of deputies was arrested while trying to force his way through the police cordon, but was subsequently released.

In Latin Quarter.

Anti-Clerical meetings in the Latin quarter this evening led to some effervescence, but no noteworthy disorder. A few students, followed by a crowd composed of the rough element, marched up and down the boulevard St. Michael until a late hour, chanting anti-Clerical refrains and shouting "Down with the priests and the pope," but the tide of the night of the village of Pinedale, who also are guarding the Sisters school, seized a lay schoolmaster and threatened him with violence. At Labresse, in the department of Vosges, the commissary of police, accompanied by gendarmes, three tried to approach the Congregational school in order to effect its closure, but was obliged to abandon the attempt because of the threat of violence from the population. At St. Ambroix, near Nîmes, the demonstrators detached the horses from the carriages which were conveying the sisters to the railway station and dragged the vehicles, with their occupants, back to the convent, shouting "Down with the priests." The gendarmes tried to prevent the demonstrators from carrying out their plan and reinforcements had to be summoned.

Sympathy for Nuns.

While much sympathy is felt with the sisters personally Prime Minister Combes undoubtedly feels that he is supported by the mass of the country, and is not likely to recede from the position he has taken. The trouble is caused mainly by the ambiguity of the wording of the law of June 30, which has led branches of the congregations, such as the schools now closed, to suppose that their position was legalized by the request for authorization made by headquarters. This was even the interpretation of the matter accepted by M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the former premier, but Prime Minister Combes takes a contrary view.

EPIDEMIC OF CHOLERA

Develops Some Remarkable Phases of Herolism.

Washington, July 23.—The epidemic of cholera has been particularly hard upon the medical corps of the army stationed on the Philippine islands and the casualties that resulted have been very great. Surgeon General Fiske has received a copy of one of the orders in which these casualties are announced as follows:

The death of Private Joseph G. M. Egan, hospital corps, United States army, is announced. Private Egan was detailed to face death as a cholera nurse for one of our comrades and died from the disease, caught from his charge; an example of devotion to duty to be held up for all men to emulate.

Private Leonard B. Stevens, hospital corps, United States army, was detailed to nurse both of our comrades with the knowledge that his predecessor had been cut down while performing the same

duty. Without a murmur he responded and remained until the soil covered his plague-stricken charges, and then he returned to his routine duties. The men of this command who have faced death amid the whirl of bullets and the excitement of a light can readily appreciate the courage required to daily wait its approach in the form of one of the most dreaded diseases known to the world to-day, and the commanding officer makes this an opportunity to publicly acknowledge that "duty well done," the highest aim of a soldier, is a goal Private Stevens has reached.

IRISH WAR FORECASTED

Member of Parliament Russell Says Situation is Critical.

London, July 23.—The house of commons tonight entered on a series of Irish debates. When the estimates for Ireland came up for discussion John Redmond, chairman of the Irish parliamentary party, moved the reduction of the salary of the secretary of state for Ireland. Mr. Redmond maintained that Mr. Wyndham had done nothing for the country and that the Irish problem was more dangerous to the empire today than it had been for a quarter of a century.

Mr. Wyndham in replying to this assertion, declared that he could not at present offer any constructive policy, and maintained that there could be no cessation of agrarian strife, no revival of industry and no staunching of the flow of emigration, and that the idea of home rule was impossible even to those who cherished it, unless and until the desolating process of social reconstruction and the minims of fear, which have paralyzed every nerve of national life were repudiated by the good sense of the people and repressed by the power of the government.

Mr. Wyndham's assertion that T. W. Russell, liberal unionist member for South Tyrone, palliated disorder during the Defiance week, brought out in heated denial from Mr. Russell and lengthy exchanges between himself and Mr. Wyndham. Mr. Russell declared that only a man who had sold himself body and soul to the landlords and evictors would dare make such an accusation. Dealing with the formation of the Irish land trust, Mr. Russell said it would provide a war, the end of which no man could foresee.

HAMLIN A CANDIDATE

Massachusetts Democrat Makes His Own Platform.

Boston, July 23.—Charles S. Hamlin, former assistant secretary of the treasury, today announced that he was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor of Massachusetts. In a statement announcing his candidacy Mr. Hamlin says:

"I nominated I shall take the stump actively throughout the commonwealth in behalf of certain reforms which I believe to be vitally necessary to effective representative government, among which are:

"Home rule and increased legislative powers for cities and towns.

"Prohibiting by law under heavy penalties interference with the legislature or legislatures by corporations by means of campaign contributions or appointments to office.

"Rigid municipal control of public utilities with a view to ultimate municipal ownership whenever necessary make such control effective in public interest.

"Grants by the legislature or municipalities of rights in or along the public ways or streets to be subject to revocation at the will of the grantor. When not revocable, to be short term, for adequate consideration and subject to the referendum.

"Concentration of executive power in the office of governor, with seats for heads of departments appointed by the governor in the legislature."

DE MORE'S MURDERERS

Interesting Testimony Brought Out in the Trial.

Tunis, July 23.—The trial at Tunis, near Tunis, of the murderers of the Marquis de Mores, who was killed near Gabes in June, 1900, was resumed today and several witnesses who had been cited by the government were heard. Their testimony generally went to prove that the murder was committed by Toure, who had been in the company of the Marquis de Mores at the time of the murder. According to this deposition, when the Marquis de Mores was coming, they held a meeting and discussed whether they should help the Marquis, repel him or kill him, and it was unanimously decided that he should be killed.

LOOKS LIKE A MISTAKE

Ernest Heger of Ohio May Not Be Dead After All.

Cincinnati, July 23.—Ernest Heger left Cincinnati February 26 to become a teacher in the Philippine islands. He was a graduate of the Cincinnati university, class of 1898. His father, Carl Heger, was today notified by the department of the young teacher's death. Only an hour before receiving the telegram from the war department he had received a letter from Ernest Heger, saying that he was safe in Japan. He had received a letter from Ernest Heger, dated June 8. Mr. Heger will forward this letter to the war department.

WON BY A FOOT

Frank Kramer Defeats Major Taylor on Final Heat.

Washington, July 23.—Frank Kramer tonight defeated Major Taylor in the final heat of the National Cycling association's championship half-mile race. The victory over Taylor was won by less than a foot. This streak Kramer's three straight wins. Kramer's time was 1:04.3-4.

GERMAN BANK BUSTERS

Get a Severe Dose of Imprisonment and Fines.

Berlin, July 23.—The following sentences have been pronounced as a result of the original proceedings on charges of fraudulent bankruptcy brought against a number of officials of the Leipziger bank, which failed a year ago.

Director, three years imprisonment, five years deprivation of civil rights. Dr. Gotsch, director, three years imprisonment, five years deprivation of civil rights. Bodel, president of the board of directors, to pay a fine of 15,000 marks. Schroeder, Mayer and Weisker, members

\$50,000 IS THEIR BOOTY

Three Americans Hold Up a Mexican Train

IN WESTERN FASHION

Went Leisuredly Through Well Filled Safe.

CONDUCTOR HAD SCRAP

With Man Believed to Be Partner of Robbers.

El Paso, Texas, July 23.—A daring hold-up took place on the Mexican Central at about 11:30 yesterday morning, just after the train left Bernalillo. At Bernalillo three Americans boarded the train, two secreted themselves on the blind baggage and the other entering the third class coach. As soon as the train pulled out, the two riding on the blind baggage entered the express car and, covering the conductor with their guns, ordered him to throw up his hands. The messenger offered no resistance. The robbers then went leisurely through the safe and secured \$50,000 in currency consigned to the Banco Minero at Chihuahua. They also took what other money packages were in the safe and stood quietly until the train stopped, making a hasty exit and dropping off the train as it was slowing down. After alighting they disappeared into the darkness of the night.

About the time the robbers entered the express car the conductor of the train became engaged in an altercation with a passenger who refused to pay his fare. Finally the conductor had the train stopped and the passenger ejected. The robbers alighted at the same time. It is now believed the troublemaker passenger was a partner of the robbers and his actions a ruse to secure the stopping of the train.

POPULARITY A SURPRISE

Strong Resubmission Sentiment Among Dakota Republicans.

Fargo, N. D., July 23.—The efforts of Editor Streeter of Emmens county, to amend the report of the committee on resolutions to amend a plan demanding that the question of prohibition be submitted to the voters, was almost the only feature of today's Republican state convention. The effort, while unsuccessful, was a surprise in its apparent popularity.

The ticket arranged by the leaders went through solidly, despite the efforts made to break the slate. It is as follows:

For congress, T. F. Marshall, Dickey; B. F. Spaulding, Cass.

Governor, Frank White, Barnes.

Lieutenant governor, David B. Bartlett, Griggs.

Justice supreme court, John M. Cochran, Grand Forks.

Secretary of state, E. F. Porter, Foster.

Auditor, E. M. Holter, De Smet.

Treasurer, D. McMillan, Cavalier.

Commissioner of insurance, Ferdinand D. Leutz, Morton.

Attorney general, C. W. Erick, Nelson.

Superintendent of public instruction, W. L. Stockwell, Walsh.

Commissioner of agriculture and labor, R. J. Turner, Edwards.

Railroad commissioner, C. J. Lord, Cando; J. F. Shaw, Wakarusa; Andrew Schabe, Harvey.

The resolutions denounce the attacks made upon the administration by anti-imperialists and absolute the state and the Republican party from the charge that either is dominated by corporations.

WILL BE MAGNIFICENT

Sketch Issued of Coronation Ceremony in India.

London, July 23.—The India office has issued a sketch of the program of the coronation ceremony to be held at Delhi, India, which shows that, although the festivities will not be grand, as was expected, by the presence of the Prince and Princess of Wales, they will be of the utmost magnificence, extending from December 26 to January 1. On December 26 the viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, of Kedleston, with the ruling class, will make a state entry into Delhi, mounted on elephants, with a procession six miles long to the camp. The next day the viceroy will open the arts and crafts exhibition and on January 1 a coronation dinner will be held. A parade of elite troops will take place January 2 and the following days will be devoted to reviews, religious services, illuminations, receptions, banquets, etc., the viceroy departing January 24.

WOMAN FROM AUSTRALIA

Miss Hilda Goldstein Talks Before the American Federation.

San Francisco, July 23.—At today's session of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, Miss Hilda Goldstein, editor of Woman's Sphere, of Melbourne, Australia, appeared before the council and delivered a lengthy and interesting address on behalf of the extension of woman suffrage. She was assured by the council that the proposition of woman suffrage would be taken up at a later session.

The application of the Brotherhood of Railway Employees for a charter from the American Federation of Labor, was denied.

CALLIOPE INVENTOR DEAD

I. W. Knowles Passes Away in California.

East Liverpool, Mass., July 21. I. W. Knowles, inventor of the Calliope in California today, aged 85. He was the oldest toy manufacturer here. He built the first portable in 1864. He invented the electric calliope, lettered playing blocks for children and many other saving devices used in petting.

Constantinople, July 23.—Spies of the sultan have discovered a plot against his majesty's life formed by the Palace Eshme. An investigation has been ordered.

EMPEROR IS IN GERMANY

Fears That Polish Fanatics Will Assassinate Him.

HIS COURT CHAMBERLAIN

Appeals to William Not to Attend Maneuvers.

PRESS IS ALSO SCARED

William, It Is Thought, Will Insist on Attending.

Berlin, July 23.—Court Chamberlain Von Moltke has appealed to Emperor William not to visit. Even during the army maneuvers to be held in September, as his majesty has planned to do. The chamberlain fears that some Polish fanatic might attempt to harm the emperor. Racial feeling is described as at fever heat, and several Berlin journals take the view that it would be unwise for the emperor to expose himself unnecessarily.

The Post (Conservative) says it is informed that it would greatly relieve those responsible for his majesty's safety to learn that he had given up the trip. Prominent Germans residing in Posen are glad that the Polish officials and nobility have determined not to attend the festivities, as thereby the chances of unpleasant incidents arising are lessened.

It is scarcely likely that Emperor William will act upon Chamberlain Von Moltke's appeal, because his majesty never permits himself to change his plans on account of the timidity of his advisers. He goes anywhere he thinks duty calls him, and besides, it is his purpose to declare the government's Polish policy while in Polish territory, and his giving up of personal supervision of the maneuvers would be unprecedented.

Polish Question Critical.

The Polish question is regarded as the most pregnant in the government's domestic policy. While no observer believes the Polish agitation can really amount to much ultimately, it is embarrassing the relations with Austria and Russia. The Poles in Galicia enjoy self-government and press privileges, which are not in vogue in Prussian Poland, and continual contrasts are made in the Austrian press between the conditions existing in Galicia and in the province of Posen that annoy this government, and tend to weaken the triple alliance. Indications are not wanting that Russia is disposed to utilize the Polish passion by giving greater freedom to the Russian Poles, thus creating along the Russian frontier a Polish population in sympathy with Russia. Count von Bismarck, the German imperial chancellor, is well aware of the disagreeable features of the Polish agitation, and it is quite likely he will devise measures to quiet the extreme violence of the Polish feeling.

M'KINLEY'S DEATH EXPENSES

Secretary Shaw Confers With Cortelyou Concerning Them.

Washington, July 23.—Secretary Shaw and Secretary Cortelyou had a final conference today regarding the payment of the accounts resulting from the illness, death and interment of President McKinley. The treasury department has sent a notice to each person who is to receive any of the appropriation made by congress for this purpose to forward a claim and voucher in regular form, when the money will be transmitted shortly thereafter. It has been decided that no detailed account of the expenditures shall be made public, but when all the claims are settled an announcement will be made as to the result.

CAR MEN WIN FIGHT

Santa Fe Will Give Them an Increase of Wages.

Topeka, Kan., July 23.—Superintendent of Motive Power Henderson returned from Chicago today and practically announced the settlement of the differences existing between the Santa Fe road and the National Brotherhood of Railroad Car Men. The terms of the new schedule are not given out, but it is known that the wages of the car men will be advanced about 25 cents per day over the entire system. The settlement of the car men's brotherhood have been in Topeka a week trying to effect a settlement.

George H. Henderson, superintendent of machinery of the Santa Fe, met the grievance committee of the Car Men's union this afternoon and informed them that they would be granted an increase of wages at once. This was a result of a conference between Mr. Henderson and Third Vice President Kendrick in Chicago. The officials refused to make a statement of the extent of the increase or on what portion of the road it goes into effect.

It is understood however that the wages of the car men will be raised to the extent of the new arrangement than before and that special attention has been paid to the case of the men on the southern portions of the road.

AT A STANDSTILL

Mississippi River Has, It Is Believed, Reached Its Height.

Keokuk, July 23.—The Mississippi flood reached its maximum throughout the district on the Missouri side and the crest was at Hannibal at noon today, when the stage was at a standstill. The river fell four inches at Quincy and ten inches at Keokuk. The commissioners for Illinois levee reports that in good condition and the protected country of many square miles safe. The farmers of the flooded territory are satisfied with the work of the men at any kind of employment, some going as far north as Dubuque. Hannibal is in a pitiable condition of abject poverty.

HIGH DIVE KILLED HIM

Alexander Smith Jumped From Top of Schooner Mast.

Detroit, July 23.—Alexander Smith, seaman on the schooner Martin, today at the foot of St. Albans avenue, today. It was fifty feet from his perch in the water and in the descent he lost his equilibrium when about twenty feet from the water. He struck on his side with terrible force and was killed.

Twenty-three persons killed in Agraria strike.

London, July 23.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express cables that the Agraria strike in the province of Galicia resulted today in a conflict between troops and strikers at Chortakow in which it is reported, twenty-three persons were killed and forty wounded.

East Liverpool, Mass., July 21. I. W. Knowles, inventor of the Calliope in California today, aged 85. He was the oldest toy manufacturer here. He built the first portable in 1864. He invented the electric calliope, lettered playing blocks for children and many other saving devices used in petting.

Constantinople, July 23.—Spies of the sultan have discovered a plot against his majesty's life formed by the Palace Eshme. An investigation has been ordered.

EMPEROR IS IN GERMANY

Fears That Polish Fanatics Will Assassinate Him.

HIS COURT CHAMBERLAIN

Appeals to William Not to Attend Maneuvers.

PRESS IS ALSO SCARED

William, It Is Thought, Will Insist on Attending.

Berlin, July 23.—Court Chamberlain Von Moltke has appealed to Emperor William not to visit. Even during the army maneuvers to be held in September, as his majesty has planned to do. The chamberlain fears that some Polish fanatic might attempt to harm the emperor. Racial feeling is described as at fever heat, and several Berlin journals take the view that it would be unwise for the emperor to expose himself unnecessarily.

The Post (Conservative) says it is informed that it would greatly relieve those responsible for his majesty's safety to learn that he had given up the trip. Prominent Germans residing in Posen are glad that the Polish officials and nobility have determined not to attend the festivities, as thereby the chances of unpleasant incidents arising are lessened.

It is scarcely likely that Emperor William will act upon Chamberlain Von Moltke's appeal, because his majesty never permits himself to change his plans on account of the timidity of his advisers. He goes anywhere he thinks duty calls him, and besides, it is his purpose to declare the government's Polish policy while in Polish territory, and his giving up of personal supervision of the maneuvers would be unprecedented.

Polish Question Critical.

The Polish question is regarded as the most pregnant in the government's domestic policy. While no observer believes the Polish agitation can really amount to much ultimately, it is embarrassing the relations with Austria and Russia. The Poles in Galicia enjoy self-government and press privileges, which are not in vogue in Prussian Poland, and continual contrasts are made in the Austrian press between the conditions existing in Galicia and in the province of Posen that annoy this government, and tend to weaken the triple alliance. Indications are not wanting that Russia is disposed to utilize the Polish passion by giving greater freedom to the Russian Poles, thus creating along the Russian frontier a Polish population in sympathy with Russia. Count von Bismarck, the German imperial chancellor, is well aware of the disagreeable features of the Polish agitation, and it is quite likely he will devise measures to quiet the extreme violence of the Polish feeling.

M'KINLEY'S DEATH EXPENSES

Secretary Shaw Confers With Cortelyou Concerning Them.

Washington, July 23.—Secretary Shaw and Secretary Cortelyou had a final conference today regarding the payment of the accounts resulting from the illness, death and interment of President McKinley. The treasury department has sent a notice to each person who is to receive any of the appropriation made by congress for this purpose to forward a claim and voucher in regular form, when the money will be transmitted shortly thereafter. It has been decided that no detailed account of the expenditures shall be made public, but when all the claims are settled an announcement will be made as to the result.

CAR MEN WIN FIGHT

Santa Fe Will Give Them an Increase of Wages.

Topeka, Kan., July 23.—Superintendent of Motive Power Henderson returned from Chicago today and practically announced the settlement of the differences existing between the Santa Fe road and the National Brotherhood of Railroad Car Men. The terms of the new schedule are not given out, but it is known that the wages of the car men will be advanced about 25 cents per day over the entire system. The settlement of the car men's brotherhood have been in Topeka a week trying to effect a settlement.

George H. Henderson, superintendent of machinery of the Santa Fe, met the grievance committee of the Car Men's union this afternoon and informed them that they would be granted an increase of wages at once. This was a result of a conference between Mr. Henderson and Third Vice President Kendrick in Chicago. The officials refused to make a statement of the extent of the increase or on what portion of the road it goes into effect.

It is understood however that the wages of the car men will be raised to the extent of the new arrangement than before and that special attention has been paid to the case of the men on the southern portions of the road.

AT A STANDSTILL

Mississippi River Has, It Is Believed, Reached Its Height.

Keokuk, July 23.—The Mississippi flood reached its maximum throughout the district on the Missouri side and the crest was at Hannibal at noon today, when the stage was at a standstill. The river fell four inches at Quincy and ten inches at Keokuk. The commissioners for Illinois levee reports that in good condition and the protected country of many square miles safe. The farmers of the flooded territory are satisfied with the work of the men at any kind of employment, some going as far north as Dubuque. Hannibal is in a pitiable condition of abject poverty.

HIGH DIVE KILLED HIM

Alexander Smith Jumped From Top of Schooner Mast.

Detroit, July 23.—Alexander Smith, seaman on the schooner Martin, today at the foot of St. Albans avenue, today. It was fifty feet from his perch in the water and in the descent he lost his equilibrium when about twenty feet from the water. He struck on his side with terrible force and was killed.

Twenty-three persons killed in Agraria strike.

London, July 23.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express cables that the Agraria strike in the province of Galicia resulted today in a conflict between troops and strikers at Chortakow in which it is reported, twenty-three persons were killed and forty wounded.

East Liverpool, Mass., July 21. I. W. Knowles, inventor of the Calliope in California today, aged 85. He was the oldest toy manufacturer here. He built the first portable in 1864. He invented the electric calliope, lettered playing blocks for children and many other saving devices used in petting.

Constantinople, July 23.—Spies of the sultan have discovered a plot against his majesty's life formed by the Palace Eshme. An investigation has been ordered.

"I MUST GO TO CHURCH"

Growled President Paul Kruger, of Transvaal

TO LATE CECIL RHODES

And That Is What Brought on the War.

SO SAYS DR. ECKLNER

Of Bloomfontein Who Has Arrived in Berlin.

Berlin, July 23.—Dr. Ecklner, mayor of Bloomfontein, has arrived in Berlin. In the course of conversation Mayor Ecklner said he attributed the war in South Africa to a trivial incident, namely, the impetuosity shown by President Kruger to the late Cecil Rhodes during their last interview, which took place on the street in Pretoria, where Mr. Rhodes had arrived to carry on negotiations with Mr. Kruger. Before Mr. Rhodes could state fully the object of his visit, according to Mayor Ecklner, Mr. Kruger, who had a bride under his arm, growled: "I must go to church," and broke off the interview abruptly, leaving Mr. Rhodes standing in the street. That was the last time Mr. Rhodes saw President Kruger, and he left Pretoria convinced that the old man was impracticable.

CHAMPION JIM JEFFRIES

Ships the Rope 1,000 Times for Exercise.

San Francisco, July 23.—Champion Jeffries indulged in his light exercise today at the Reliance club in Oakland. He arose early and skipped the rope 1,000 times, thinking the ordeal with no visible sign of exhaustion. He then spent the lunch hour in comparative quiet with Delany and his retinue of trainers and in the afternoon took a run on Lake Merritt. He tipped the beam at 217 pounds tonight, but expects to weigh 225 when he enters the ring on Friday night. Fitzsimmons took a jog along the river at Golden Gate park in the morning and was rubbed down at the Terminal hotel, after which in park of a hearty luncheon, squared with Delany and Andy Gallagher at the Olympic club. Experts on the science declare that there is apparently nothing further to be desired in the condition of the man.

The consensus of opinion seems to be, however, that Fitzsimmons' age and the difference in weight is against the chances of the Cincinnati and that Jeffries is the logical winner. The receipts of the club manager state, has all most reached the \$10,000 mark. The betting odds had Jeffries still a favorite at 10 to 4, with considerable Fitzsimmons' money in sight. Sporting men from all over the country are arriving hourly and tomorrow several excursions are expected to reach here.

EL DORADO IS QUIET

Adjutant General Smith Makes Report to Governor Yates.

Springfield, Ill., July 23.—Adjutant General Smith today received advice from Rutledge, in command of the troops at Eldorado, that quiet prevailed there. He is making investigations and hopes to bring to justice some of the persons guilty of the outrages toward the negroes.

THREE IN A YEAR

Chief Wilth of Elkins Murdered by a Negro.

Elkins, W. Va., July 23.—F. H. Wilth, chief of police of Elkins, was murdered late last night near here. Wilth, in the act of arresting two negroes whom he was about to be a third from ambush. A posse is in pursuit of the murderer. This is the third murder of the Elkins chief of police within a year, the other victims being Robert Tilly and Pate Marshall.

AMERICANS BY ADOPTION

Cannot Return to South Africa, Says Chamberlain.

London, July 23.—Denying a rumor that Dr. Leyds, who was the European agent of the Transvaal, was returning to South Africa, Mr. Chamberlain, the colonial secretary, made the important announcement today that all thousands of American birth, who had sought against the British, would not be allowed to return to South Africa.

IRISH BEAT GERMANS

In the International Regatta Held at Cork.

Cork, Ireland, July 23.—The Leinster Rowing club led the Berlin Rowing club easily today in the final for the international challenge cup, which was presented by Lord Chief Justice O'Brien, to be contested for at the regatta held here in conjunction with the Cork expedition.

MARRIES BY HYPNOTISM

Querer Case of Miss Bush of Mattoon, Illinois.

Mattoon, Ill., July 23.—Jackson D. Hill, whom Miss Lucy Bush of this city, says hypnotized her into eloping to Charleston and marrying him against her will, and who deserted her four days later, has been captured in Kentucky. Hill had a wife at Mattoon, when